

Hands on Session III

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Overview

- Ni(100)
 - surface relaxation
 - surface energy
 - LDOS
 - surface band-structure
- Ni(111)
 - clean surface
 - CO adsorption
 - adsorption-energy
 - LDOS
 - work-function (change)
 - frequencies

Ni(100) - surface relaxation

```
fcc (100) surface
3.53
  .50000   .50000   .00000
 - .50000   .50000   .00000
  .00000   .00000   5.00000
 5
```

Selective Dynamics

Cartesian

.00000	.00000	.00000	F	F	F
.00000	.50000	.50000	F	F	F
.00000	.00000	1.00000	F	F	F
.00000	.50000	1.50000	T	T	T
.00000	.00000	2.00000	T	T	T

POSCAR

- Ni lattice constant 3.53 Å
- 1 atom per layer $\Rightarrow p(1 \times 1)$ cell
- 5 nickel layers
- first two layers (of one side) relaxed
- $3 \cdot 3.53 = 10.59\text{\AA}$ vacuum

POTCAR

PAW-GGA potential for Ni

general:

```
SYSTEM = clean Ni(100) surface
ISTART = 0 ; ICHARG=2
ENCUT   =      270
ISMEAR  =      2 ; SIGMA = 0.2
```

spin:

```
ISPIN=2
MAGMOM = 5*1
```

dynamic:

```
IBRION = 1
NSW    = 100
POTIM  = 0.2
```

K-Points

0

Monkhorst-Pack

9 9 1

0 0 0

INCAR

- startjob; initial charge-density from overlapping atoms
- energy cut-off: 270 eV (default)
- MP-smearing (metal!)
- spinpolarized calculation initial moments of 1
- ionic relaxation

KPOINTS

- equally spaced mesh
- odd → centered on Γ
- results in 15 k-points in IBZ
- 1 in z-direction !

the relaxation run

forces in the first and last step (in OUTCAR)

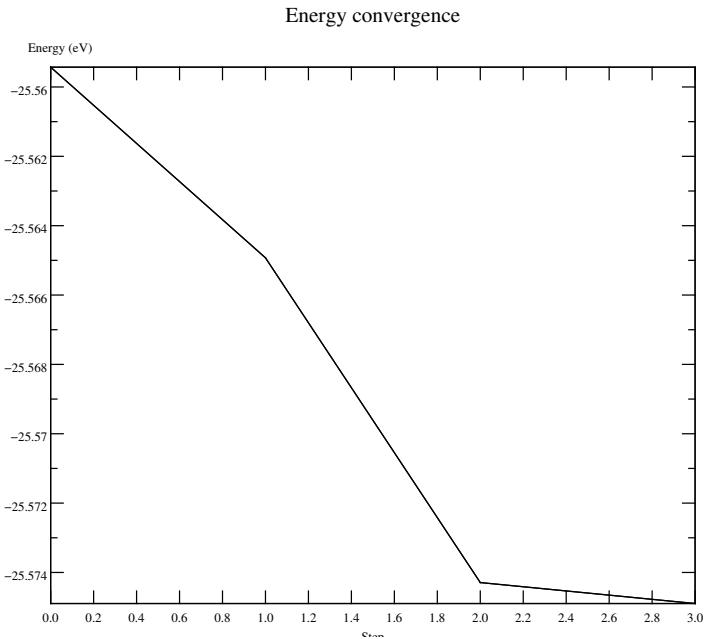
POSITION			TOTAL-FORCE (eV/Angst)		
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.397218
0.00000	1.76500	1.76500	0.000000	0.000000	-0.391340
0.00000	0.00000	3.53000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.001868
0.00000	1.76500	5.29500	0.000000	0.000000	0.392187
0.00000	0.00000	7.06000	0.000000	0.000000	-0.396197

total drift: 0.000000 0.000000 0.000485

POSITION			TOTAL-FORCE (eV/Angst)		
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.403512
0.00000	1.76500	1.76500	0.000000	0.000000	-0.382356
0.00000	0.00000	3.53000	0.000000	0.000000	0.111374
0.00000	1.76500	5.32841	0.000000	0.000000	-0.063214
0.00000	0.00000	7.02095	0.000000	0.000000	-0.069316

total drift: 0.000000 0.000000 0.007076

surface energy



- energy changes during relaxation from -25.560 to -25.575 eV
⇒ relaxation energy $E^{\text{rel}} = -15 \text{ meV}$
- surface energy of (unrelaxed) surface according

$$\sigma = \frac{1}{2}(E_{\text{surf}} - N_{\text{atoms}} \cdot E_{\text{bulk}})$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma^{\text{unrel}} = \frac{1}{2}(-25.560 - 5 \cdot (-5.457)) = 0.86 \text{ eV}$$

- $\sigma = \sigma^{\text{unrel}} + E^{\text{rel}} = 0.71 \text{ eV}$

geometry

from CONTCAR (or OUTCAR) file

Phonons - (100)-direction

3.53000000000000		
0.500000000000000	0.500000000000000	0.000000000000000
-0.500000000000000	0.500000000000000	0.000000000000000
0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	5.000000000000000

5

Selective dynamics

Direct

0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	F	F	F
0.500000000000000	0.500000000000000	0.100000000000014	F	F	F
0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.200000000000028	F	F	F
0.500000000000000	0.500000000000000	0.3018929055424291	T	T	T
0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.3977878031170696	T	T	T

- inward relaxation of surface layers

$$\Rightarrow \Delta d_{12} = (0.3978 - 0.3019)/0.1 = -4.1\%$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta d_{12} = (0.3019 - 0.2000)/0.1 = +1.9\%$$

Ni(100) - local density of states

general:

SYSTEM = clean (100) Ni surface

ISMEAR = -5

ALGO=V

spin:

ISPIN=2

MAGMOM = 5*1

NPAR = 1

RWIGS = 1.4

INCAR

- tetrahedron method
- Wigner-Seitz radius of 1.4 Å
- NPAR=1 necessary for parallel run

POSCAR

- copy CONTCAR (optimized!) to POSCAR

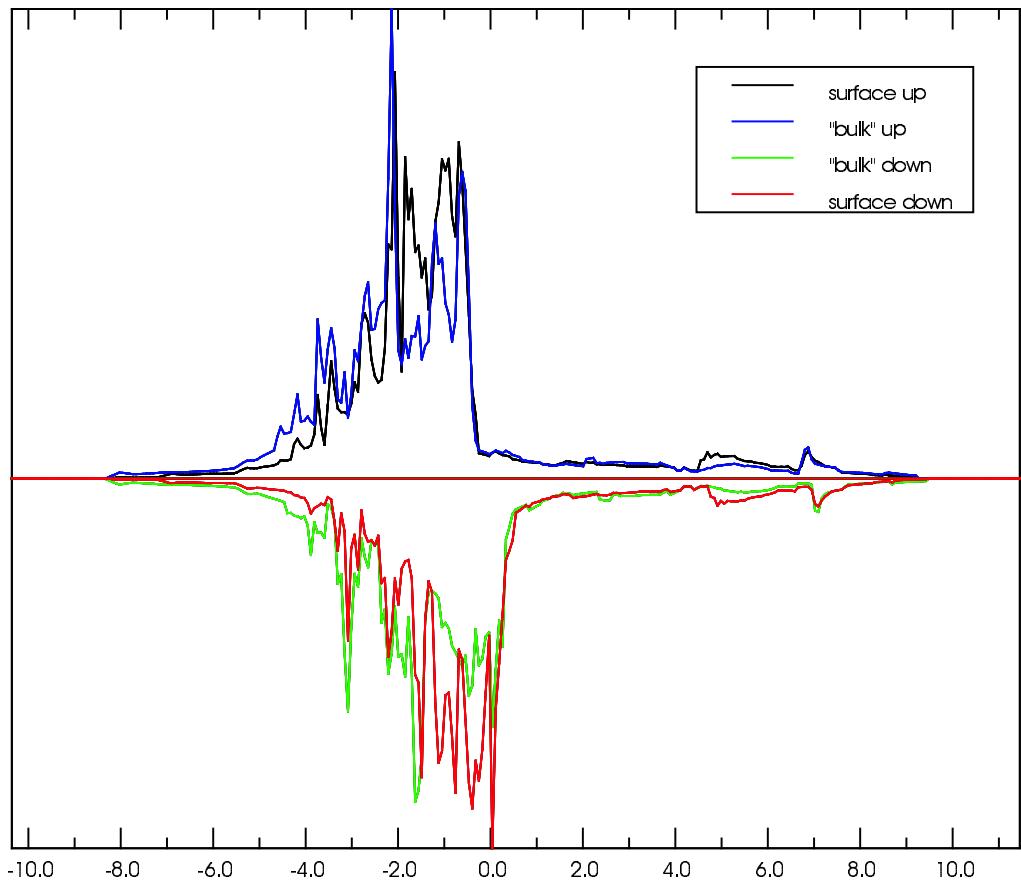
total charge				
# of ion	s	p	d	tot
1	0.522	0.390	8.449	9.361
2	0.551	0.577	8.463	9.591
3	0.551	0.571	8.464	9.586
4	0.559	0.595	8.470	9.624
5	0.535	0.415	8.461	9.411
<hr/>				
tot	2.72	2.55	42.31	47.57
magnetization (x)				
# of ion	s	p	d	tot
1	-0.003	-0.023	0.715	0.689
2	-0.008	-0.028	0.618	0.582
3	-0.008	-0.029	0.618	0.582
4	-0.008	-0.028	0.621	0.585
5	-0.004	-0.024	0.705	0.678
<hr/>				
tot	-0.03	-0.13	3.28	3.12

partial charge - magnetization

- at the end of the OUTCAR file information on local charge and magnetization is given
- by changing RWIGS the total number of electrons within the spheres could be adapted (nickel pseudo-potential has a valence of 10)
- enhancement of the magnetic moment at the surface
- in the center “bulk like”

LDOS

Local Density of States



- projection onto surface layer and bulk layer
- each spin component is plotted separately
- band narrowing at surface
- exchange splitting larger at surface

Ni(100) - band structure

ICHARG = 11

general:

SYSTEM = clean (100) nickel surface

ENMAX = 270

ISMEAR = 2 ; SIGMA = 0.2

ALGO=V

spin:

ISPIN=2

MAGMOM = 5*1

NPAR=1

RWIGS = 1.4

for consistency with parallel run:

NGX = 10 ; NGY = 10 ; NGZ = 72

NGXF= 18 ; NGYF= 18 ; NGZF= 140

INCAR

- read in charge density (1) and do not update it (+10) \Rightarrow non-selfconsistent run!
- set FFT grid parameters manually to same values, to make sure that CHGCAR file is read properly

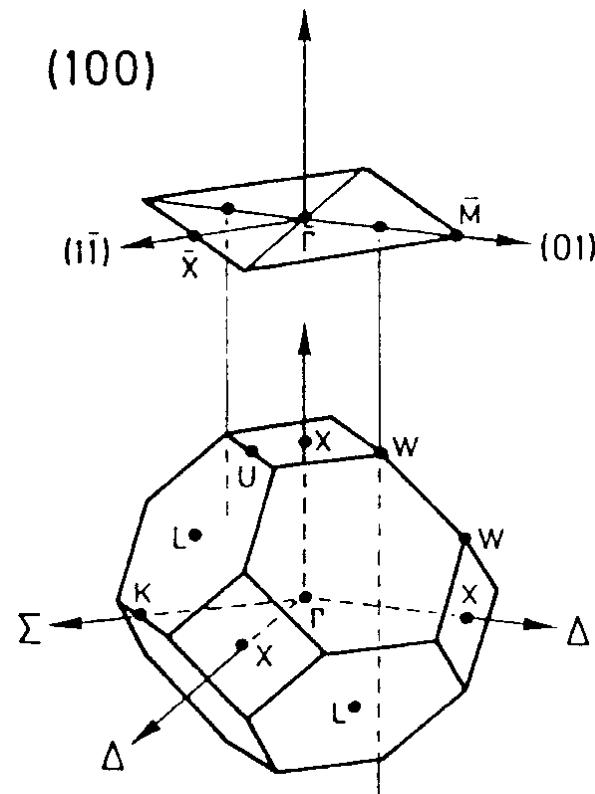
kpoints for band-structure G-X-M-G

13
reziprok

.00000	.00000	.00000	1
.12500	.00000	.00000	1
.25000	.00000	.00000	1
.37500	.00000	.00000	1
.50000	.00000	.00000	1
.50000	.12500	.00000	1
.50000	.25000	.00000	1
.50000	.37500	.00000	1
.50000	.50000	.00000	1
.37500	.37500	.00000	1
.25000	.25000	.00000	1
.12500	.12500	.00000	1
.00000	.00000	.00000	1

KPOINTS

- 13 k-points along line $\bar{\Gamma} - \bar{X} - \bar{M} - \bar{\Gamma}$
- in reciprocal coordinates
- all points with weight 1



surface bandstructure

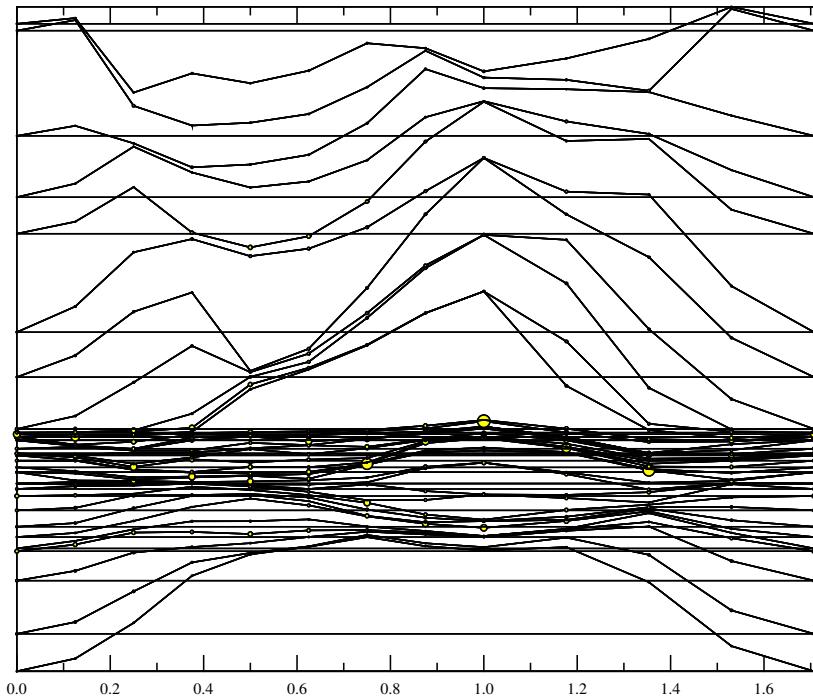
...

Static calculation

charge density remains constant during run
spin polarized calculation

...

Bandstructure (projected)



- in OUTCAR status message on actual job
⇒ non-selfconsistent calculation
- bandstructure consists mainly out of bulk-like bands
- dots mark localization at surface layer

Ni(111) - surface relaxation

general:

```
ISTART = 0;    ICHARG = 2
SYSTEM = clean (111) surface
ENMAX  = 270
ISMEAR =      2 ; SIGMA = 0.2
ALGO=V
```

dynamic:

```
NSW=100
POTIM = 0.2
IBRION = 1
```

INCAR

- same INCAR file as previously for (100) surface
- spin-polarization neglected

Ni - (111)

3.53

.70710678 .0000000 .0000000
-0.35355339 0.6123724 .0000000
.0000000 .0000000 5.196152
5

selective dynamics

direct

.00000000 .00000000 .00000000 F F F
.33333333 .66666667 .11111111 F F F
.66666667 .33333333 .22222222 F F F
.00000000 .00000000 .33333333 T T T
.33333333 .66666667 .44444444 T T T

POSCAR

- similar setup as for (100) surface
- again 5 layers, 2 relaxed
- $(1 - .444) \cdot 5.196 \cdot 3.53 =$
 $\sim 10.2\text{\AA}$ of vacuum

surface energy - geometry

POSITION			TOTAL-FORCE (eV/Angst)		
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.173189
0.00000	1.44112	2.03805	0.000000	0.000000	-0.059921
1.24804	0.72056	4.07609	0.000000	0.000000	-0.004067
0.00000	0.00000	6.11414	0.000000	0.000000	0.064998
0.00000	1.44112	8.15219	0.000000	0.000000	-0.174199
total drift:			-0.000054	0.000104	-0.004855

- forces already at the beginning rather small
⇒ small relaxations for compact surfaces
- for surface energy non-spin-polarized bulk nickel as reference !
⇒ $\sigma^{\text{unrel}} = \frac{1}{2}(-25.729 - 5 \cdot (-5.406)) = 0.65 \text{ eV}$
⇒ (111) surface more stable than (100) surface

Ni(111) - CO adsorption

```
Ni - (111)
3.53
.70710678 .0000000 .0000000
-0.35355339 0.6123724 .0000000
.000000 .000000 5.1961524
5 1 1
selective dynamics direct
.0000000 .0000000 .0000000 F F F
.3333333 .6666667 .1111111 F F F
.6666667 .3333333 .2222222 F F F
.0000000 .0000000 .3333333 T T T
.3333333 .6666667 .4444444 T T T
.3333333 .6666667 .54029062 T T T
.3333333 .6666667 .60298866 T T T
```

POSCAR

- two additional types (C+O)
⇒ POTCAR!
- CO molecule put above surface atom
⇒ *on-top*
- $z_C = (.540 - .444) \cdot 5.196 \cdot 3.53 = \sim 1.76\text{\AA}$
- $d_{CO} = (.603 - .540) \cdot 5.196 \cdot 3.53 = \sim 1.16\text{\AA}$

POTCAR

- append carbon and oxygen potentials

geometry

POSITION			TOTAL-FORCE (eV/Angst)		
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000	0.170860
0.00000	1.44112	2.03805	0.000000	0.000000	-0.108390
1.24804	0.72056	4.07609	0.000000	0.000000	-0.030356
0.00000	0.00000	6.10874	0.000000	0.000000	-0.082039
0.00000	1.44112	8.15398	0.000000	0.000000	0.007561
0.00000	1.44112	9.90862	0.000000	0.000000	0.020113
0.00000	1.44112	11.06330	0.000000	0.000000	0.022250
total drift:			-0.000184	-0.000227	0.014065

- small outward relaxation of surface due to adsorption
 $\Rightarrow \Delta d_{12} = (8.154 - 6.109) / 2.038 = 0.4\%$
- CO geometry
 $\Rightarrow d_{\text{CO}} = 11.063 - 9.909 = 1.155 \text{\AA}; z_C = 9.909 - 8.154 = 1.755 \text{\AA}.$

Ni(111) - 400 eV

(for adsorption energy)

- potentials for oxygen and carbon require an energy cut-off of 400 eV.
⇒ previous calculation for clean cannot be used as reference
⇒ recalculate with same energy cut-off

INCAR

ENMAX = 400

general:

SYSTEM = Ni(100)

ISTART = 0

ICHARG = 2

ISMEAR = 2

SIGMA = 0.2

ALGO=V

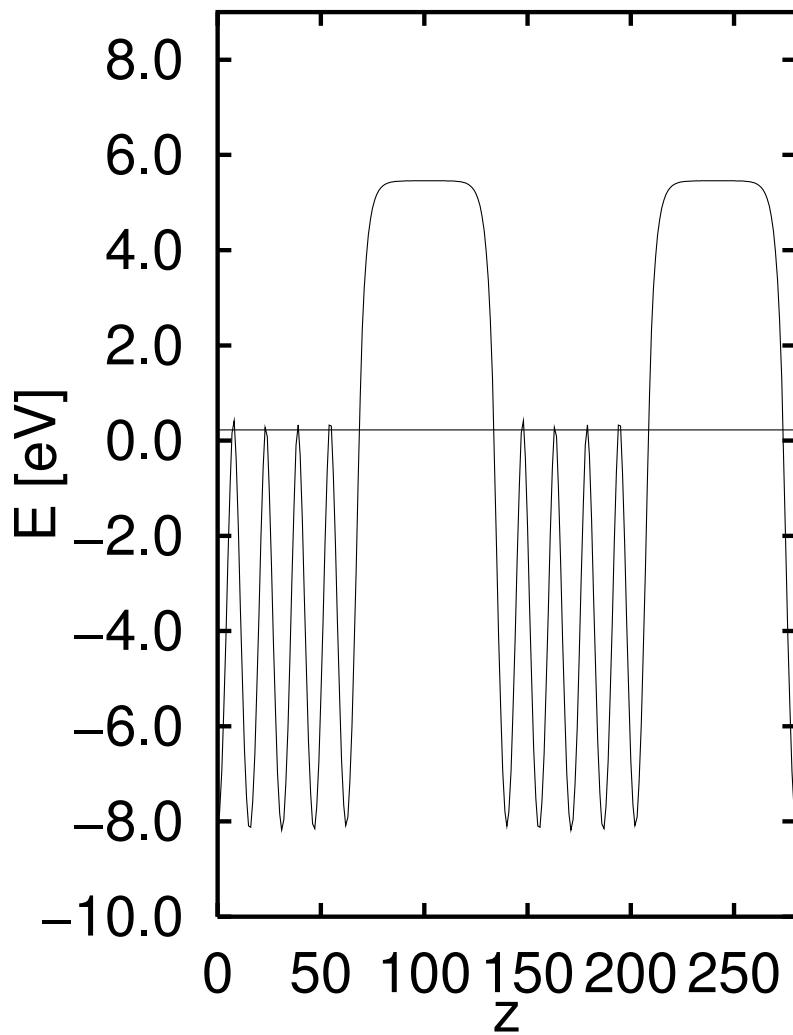
special:

LVTOT = .TRUE.

- change of cut-off lowers total energy
⇒ -25.730 eV (270 eV) → -25.741 eV at 400 eV
⇒ becomes more important for larger cells!
- $E_{\text{ads}} = E_{\text{total}} - E_{\text{clean}} - E_{\text{CO}}$
⇒ $E_{\text{ads}} = -40.830 + 25.741 + 14.833 = -0.256 \text{ eV}$
- we use this run also to calculate the work-function of Ni(111)

work-function

- usage of simple utility `vtotav` gives planar average of the potential
- vacuum-potential $E^{\text{vac}} = 5.46 \text{ eV}$
- Fermi-level $\epsilon_F = 0.225 \text{ eV}$
(from OUTCAR)
- $\Phi = E^{\text{vac}} - \epsilon_F = 5.24 \text{ eV}$



LDOS, workfunction

general:

ENMAX = 400

SYSTEM = CO adsorption on Ni(100)

ISMEAR = -5

ALGO=V

LDOS:

LORBIT = 1 ; NPAR = 1

RWIGS = 1.40 1.29 1.11

workfunction:

IDIPOL=3

LDIPOL= .TRUE.

LVTOT = .TRUE.

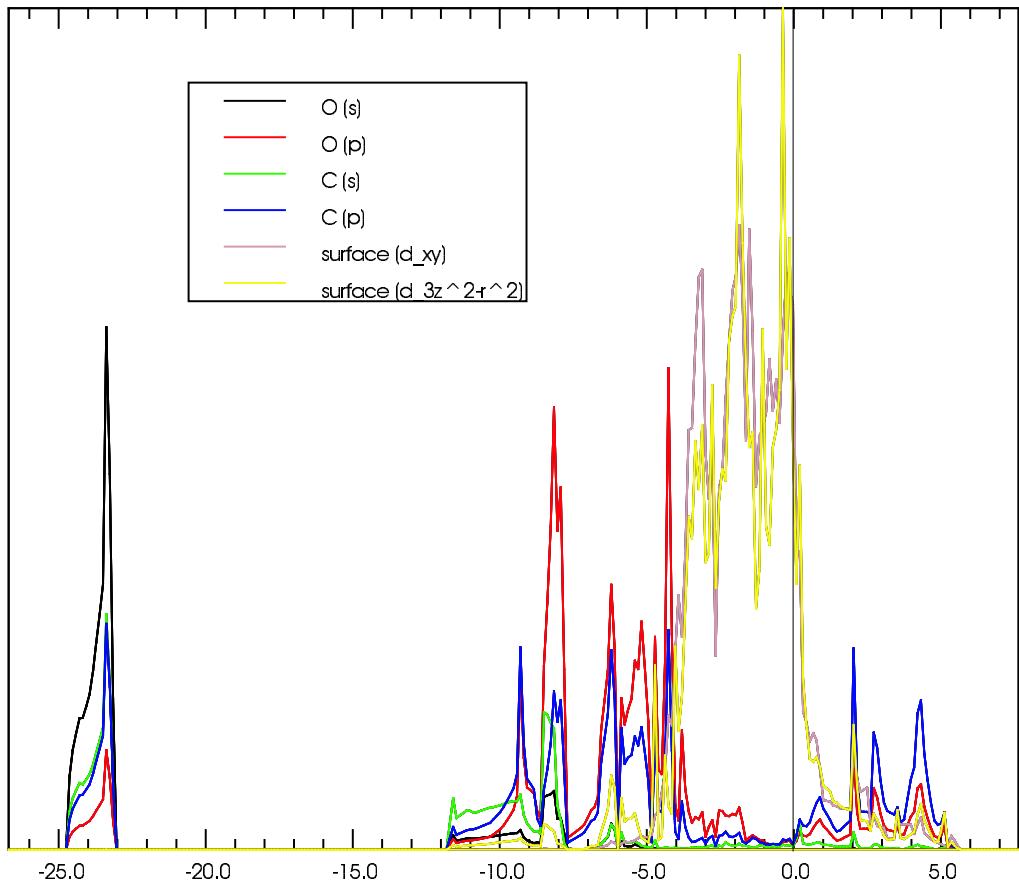
INCAR

- for DOS calculation ISMEAR=-5
- two additional WS-radii
- LVTOT writes local potential into LOCOTP file
- IDIPOL enables dipole correction in direction 3
- active dipole corrections to potential (=dipole layer)

POSCAR

- copy CONTCAR (optimized!) to POSCAR

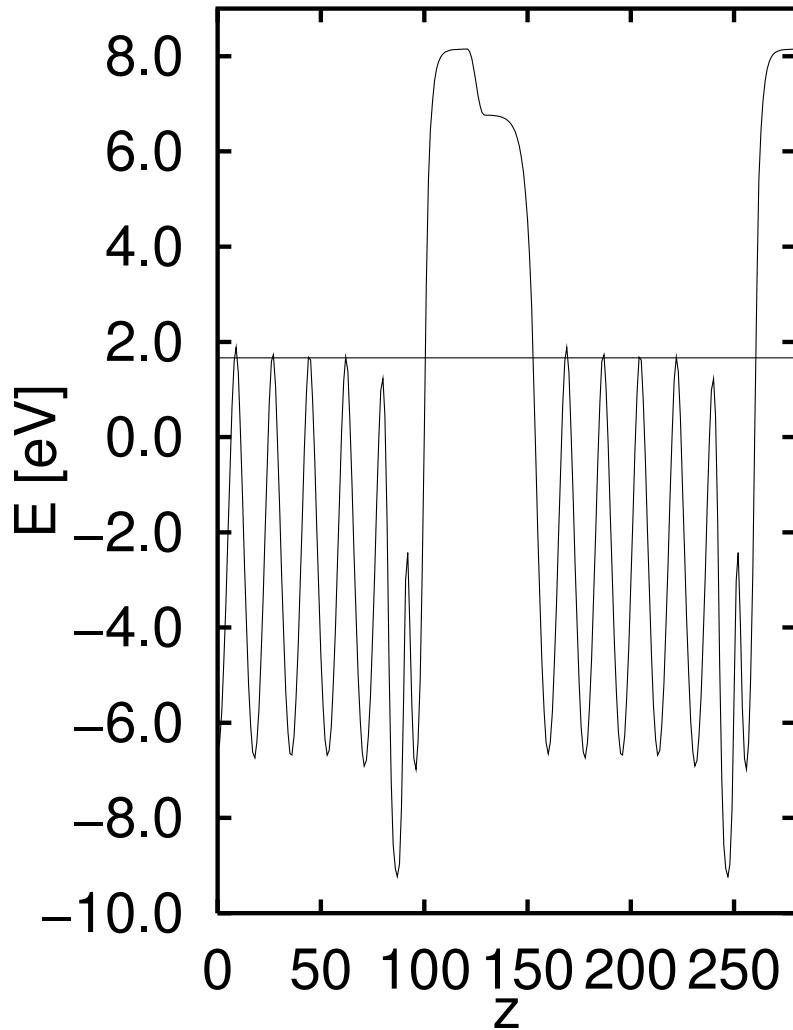
LDOS



- Im-decomposed DOS helps to analyze the bonding
- CO $5\sigma, 1\pi, 2\pi^*$
- from comparison with substrate LDOS
 - hybridization with Ni- $d_{3z^2-r^2}$
 - no interaction with d_{xy}
⇒ from symmetry

workfunction

- $\epsilon_F = 1.66 \text{ eV}$ (from OUTCAR)
- vacuum-potential at $8.15 / 6.76 \text{ eV}$
 $\Rightarrow \Phi_{\text{CO}} = 6.49, \Phi_{\text{clean}} = 5.10 \text{ eV}$
- too small result for clean surface due to too small vacuum ...



frequencies

SYSTEM= CO on Ni111 - frequencies

general:

ENMAX = 400

ISMEAR = 2 ; SIGMA = 0.2

ALGO = V

EDIFF = 1E-6

dynamic:

NSW=100

POTIM = 0.04

IBRION = 5

NFREE = 2

INCAR

- the very usual settings ...
- smaller termination criterion EDIFF
- automatic frequency calculation
(displacement 0.04 Å)

Ni - (111) + CO ontop

3.530000000000000

0.70710678 0.0000000 0.0000000

-0.35355339 0.6123724 0.0000000

0.0000000 0.0000000 5.1961524

5 1 1

Selective dynamics

Direct

0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 F F F

0.3333333 0.6666667 0.1111111 F F F

0.6666666 0.3333333 0.2222222 F F F

0.0000000 0.0000000 0.3314564 F F F

0.3333333 0.6666667 0.4453762 F F F

0.6666666 0.3333333 0.5177755 F F T

0.6666666 0.3333333 0.5815997 F F T

POSCAR

- take CONTCAR from relaxed calculation
- frequencies only for CO molecule and z-direction
(z- and (x,y) are independent!)

frequencies

Additional output in OUTCAR file for frequency calculation via finite difference:

Finite differences progress:

Degree of freedom: 1/ 2

Displacement: 1/ 2

Total: 1/ 4

- After the first calculation for the equilibrium geometry, NFREE displacements (\pm POTIM) are performed for each degree of freedom; from these displacements the dynamical matrix is set up and diagonalized
 - at the end of the OUTCAR file the
 - forces,
 - the dynamical matrix and finally
 - the eigenfrequencies and
 - eigenvectors (first normalized and then mass-weighted)
- are listed

Eigenvectors and eigenvalues of the dynamical matrix

1 f = 64.112970 THz 402.833672 2PiTHz 2138.578420 cm-1 265.150026 meV

	X	Y	Z	dx	dy	dz
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	2.038046		0	0	0
1.248043	0.720558	4.076093		0	0	0
0.000000	0.000000	6.108743		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	8.153979		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	9.908620		0	0	-0.225414
0.000000	1.441116	11.063296		0	0	0.156066

CO stretch

2 f = 12.362230 THz 77.674183 2PiTHz 412.359599 cm-1 51.126093 meV

	X	Y	Z	dx	dy	dz
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	2.038046		0	0	0
1.248043	0.720558	4.076093		0	0	0
0.000000	0.000000	6.108743		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	8.153979		0	0	0
0.000000	1.441116	9.908620		0	0	-0.180127
0.000000	1.441116	11.063296		0	0	-0.195303

CO-metal