Given the following arbitrary function f(x) below,

- (I) $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(x), a=1.$
- (II) $f(x) = \sinh^{-1}(x), a=0.$
- (III) $f(x)=1/\sqrt{(1-x^2)}, a=0.$

(a). Obtain the analytical expression of the i -th coefficient a_i in the Taylor series for f(x) expanded at the center x=a using Mathematica command **D[]**. Display the first 10 coefficients using **Table[]**.

(b) Check the correctness of your answer by comparing the coefficients in (a) against those obtained via the command **Series[]**.

(c) Form the explicit expression of the Taylor series representation for f(x) at x=a up to the *n*-th order, $P_n(x)$ using the command **Sum[]**. Note that *n* in theory should be chosen to be infinity, but in numerical practice it just needs to be set to a large positive number. You should choose an appropriate value for *n*.

(d) Plot $P_n(x)$ along with f(x) on the same graph. The range of x should include x=a. To this end you need to fine-tune the range of x for which the Taylor series plots are convergent.